

xl320-line1_0.nxc

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// FILE: xl320-line1_0.nxc
// DATE: 01/22/20 17:12
// AUTH: P. Oh
// DESC: XL-320 based 2-DOF planar manipulator. Trajectory planned based on
// a parametric line. User prescribes the desired number of equally
// spaced points given start and end points of that line
// VERS: 1.0a: xl320-twoLinkFunctions1_0a.h contains functions
// rotateMotorAbsolutely(); goHome(); twoLinkInverseKinematics()
// REFS: H-files xl320-defines1_0a.h and xl320-functions1_0d.h
// NOTE: If factory default XL-320 used, then ID is 0x01
// ID of 0xFE commands any and all XL-320 motors
// This example uses an XL-320 configured with ID# 3

#include "xl320-defines1_0a.h"
#include "xl320-functions1_0d.h"
#include "xl320-twoLinkFunctions1_0a.h"

// Global variables
bool orangeButtonPushed; // Detect Brick Center button state
bool rightArrowButtonPushed; // Detect Brick right arrow button state

task main() {

    // planar manipulator variables
    float l1, l2; // length of link 1 and link 2 [mm]

    float xDesired[], yDesired[]; // desired line's (x,y) way points
    int numberOfWayPoints; // # of points between start and end points
    int numberOfSpaces; // # of equally spaced segments
    int maxVectorSize; // # array elements = numberOfWayPoints + 2
    float xP, yP; // EE absolute position wrt x0y0 frame [mm]
    int i, j; // dummy index variables
    string str01, str02; // dummy string variables to display text
    float t; // variable for parametric equation of line

    THETA_IN_DEGREES anglesInDegrees; // struct defined in
    THETA angles; // xl320-twoLinkFunctions1_0a.h

    // Initializations
    l1 = 7 * mmPerStud; // [mm] link 1 is 7 studs long
    l2 = 5 * mmPerStud; // [mm] link 2 is 5 studs long

    // Define and initialize arrays that will hold waypoints
    numberOfWayPoints = 14; // start stud + (7 studs) + end stud
    numberOfSpaces = numberOfWayPoints + 1; // i.e. hence 8 equally spaced segments
    maxVectorSize = numberOfWayPoints + 2; // include both start and end points
    ArrayInit(xDesired, 0, maxVectorSize); // initialize waypoint x vector to 0
    ArrayInit(yDesired, 0, maxVectorSize); // initialize waypoint y vector to 0
    // Initialize start and end points of line
    xDesired[0] = 6*mmPerStud; // [mm] starting point
    yDesired[0] = 8*mmPerStud; // [mm] starting point
    xDesired[numberOfWayPoints+1] = 6*mmPerStud; // [mm] ending point
    yDesired[numberOfWayPoints+1] = -8*mmPerStud; // [mm] ending point

    // Parametric equation of line to calculate equally spaced points
    i = 1;
    while (i <= (numberOfWayPoints)) {
        t = i/(numberOfWayPoints+1);
        xDesired[i] = 6*mmPerStud; // [mm]
        yDesired[i] = (yDesired[0]*(1.0-t)) + (t*yDesired[numberOfWayPoints+1]);
        i++;
    } // end of while
    sprintf(str01, "t=%3.3f " , 1.0/(numberOfWayPoints+1) );
}
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sprintf(str02, " N=%d" , numberOfWayPoints);
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, strcat(str01, str02));
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, FormatNum("yD[0] = %3.2f mm" , yDesired[0]));
sprintf(str01, "yD[%d]" , numberOfWayPoints + 1);
sprintf(str02, "%3.2f mm" , yDesired[numberOfWayPoints + 1]);
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE3, strcat(str01, str02) );
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE5, "Cont'd ORG" );

do {
    orangeButtonPushed = ButtonPressed(BTNCENTER, FALSE);
} while(!orangeButtonPushed);

UseRS485();
RS485Enable();
RS485Uart(HS_BAUD_57600, HS_MODE_8N1); //57600 baud, 8bit, 1stop, no parity

// Prompt user to begin
ClearScreen();
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Start: hit ->");
do {
    rightArrowButtonPushed = ButtonPressed(BTNRIGHT, FALSE);
} while(!rightArrowButtonPushed);
ClearScreen();

// (1) go to home position
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Hom ing... " );
Wait(2000);
goHome();
Wait(2000);
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE7, "Homed" );
PlayTone(TONE_E4, 500);
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE8, "Cont'd ORG" );
do {
    orangeButtonPushed = ButtonPressed(BTNCENTER, FALSE);
} while(!orangeButtonPushed);

// (2) move to start of line
ClearScreen();
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE1, "Goi ng (xP0,yP0):" );
Wait(2000);
xP = xDesired[0];
yP = yDesired[0];
sprintf(str01, "%3.2f," , xP/mmPerStud);
sprintf(str02, "%3.2f) stud" , yP/mmPerStud);
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, strcat(str01, str02));
anglesInDegrees = twoLinkInverseKinematics(l1, l2, xP, yP);
rotateMotorAbsolutely(anglesInDegrees.theta1InDegrees,
anglesInDegrees.theta2InDegrees);
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE7, "Now @ line start" );
TextOut(0, LCD_LINE8, "Start: hit ->");
do {
    rightArrowButtonPushed = ButtonPressed(BTNRIGHT, FALSE);
} while(!rightArrowButtonPushed);

// (3) Iterate thru waypoints, calculate IK, and command motor angles
for(i=1; i <= numberOfWayPoints+1; i++) {
    xP = xDesired[i];
    yP = yDesired[i];
    anglesInDegrees = twoLinkInverseKinematics(l1, l2, xP, yP);
    sprintf(str01, "%3.2f," , xP/mmPerStud);
    sprintf(str02, "%3.2f) stud" , yP/mmPerStud);
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE2, strcat(str01, str02));
    // Actuate the XL-320 motors

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    rotateMotorAbsolutely(angl esInDegrees. theta1InDegrees,
angl esInDegrees. theta2InDegrees);
    }; // end for-loop

    // (4) Lastly, since trajectory done, go home
    Wait(3000);
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE7, "Line done" );
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE8, "Go Home: Hit ORG" );
    do {
        orangeButtonPushed = ButtonPressed(BTNCENTER, FALSE);
    } while(!orangeButtonPushed);
    ClearScreen();
    goHome();
    TextOut(0, LCD_LINE4, "Homed. Exiting" );
    Wait(3000);
    PlaySound(SOUND_DOUBLE_BEEP);
} // end main

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